代號:63340 頁次:3-1 111年公務人員特種考試司法人員、法務部調查局 調查人員、海岸巡防人員、移民行政人員考試及111年 未具擬任職務任用資格者取得法官遴選資格考試試題

考 試 别:移民行政人員

等 别:三等考試

類 科 組:移民行政(選試日文)

科 目:外國文(日文兼試移民專業英文)

考試時間: 2小時 座號:

※注意:禁止使用電子計算器。

甲、申論題部分: (75分)

一一不必抄題,作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在申論試卷上,於本試題上作答者,不予計分。□請以藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆在申論試卷上作答。

- 一、次の日本語を中国語に訳しなさい。
 - (一)「フェイクニュース」は内容をセンセーショナルに表現し、怒りや不安をあおる傾向がある。ひと呼吸をおいて拡散を控え、じっくり複数の情報源で検証してみることが重要だ。それが「フェイクニュース」拡散の防止と抑止につながる。「フェイクニュース」に対してゼロリスクはない。個人にできる小さな対策から始めることを心がけてほしい。(15分)
 - (二)レジ袋の代替品となるのが、SDGs でも推奨されるエコバック。個人が大好きなブランドやキャラクターのエコバックを購入することで、SDGs も達成でき、日々の暮らしも豊かにできる一石二鳥の施策です。(10分)
- 二、日本語に訳しなさい。漢字に振り仮名を付けなさい。
 - (→) 2022 年度公布的最新版全球護照指數,日本護照榮登冠軍,臺灣護照排名第34。根據國際航空運輸協會(IATA)的數據,依照可免簽入境的國家與區域的數量來進行統計,對世界199個國家(區域)的護照進行順位排名。(15分)
 - (二)「1990」熱線服務項目,包含外國人及新住民在臺生活需求及生活適應方面諮詢服務,像是簽證、居留、工作、教育文化、稅務、健保、交通等內容。(10分)
- 三、作文(日本語で400字程度)(25分)

テーマ:「世界や地球のためにできること」

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乙、	測驗題部分: (25分			代號:4631				
	(一)本試題為單一選擇另(二)共20題,每題1.25分	題,請選出 <u>一個</u> 正確或量 ,須用 <u>2B鉛筆</u> 在試卡上依匙	曼適當 <u>答案</u> 。 鼠號 <u>清楚</u> 劃記,於本試題或	申論試卷上作答者,不予計分。				
1	A new economic immi	gration bill was passed in	2018 to recruit foreign v	workers and talent necessary for				
		elopment without affecting						
	(A) intrinsic		(C) societal					
2				ooperation and crime control.				
	1	(B) mediates		(D) alleviates				
3				n under humanitarian protection				
	(A) returned	the situation which woul	(C) refined					
4		-		<u> </u>				
4	Under the Level 3 epidemic alert, the visa extension will be automatically on the agency's							
	computer system. Visitors who would like formal documentation can have their passports stamped at the service stations as well.							
		(B) enlisted	(C) coined	(D) forged				
5	•			2				
	The Coast Guard Administration seized thousands of packs of cigarettes, which had a street value of 14 million NTD, from a fishing boat in Keelung.							
	(A) snuggled		(C) smashed	(D) shrugged				
6		22		ers are required to their				
		hey officially change their						
			(C) renounce	(D) pronounce				
7	Tennis star Novak Djok	covic faced deportation af	ter the Australian govern	ment his visa on public				
		days before the Australian						
	(A) erased	(B) disarmed	(C) discharged	(D) revoked				
8	The digital environme	nt opens new channels f	for education; however,	children can also come across				
	harmful and violent content or of information online.							
		(B) manifestation						
9			ole all over the globe are	joining her to combat				
	gender discrimination.							
		(B) crusade						
10			xtensive empirical data to	provide a balanced account of				
	•	ce under the president's	· ·	(7)				
- +- ()	(A) reign	(B) forum	(C) bureau	(D) commission				
詴化	下文回答第 11 題至第							
D				oservation of thirty-seven gangs				
	_	• -	- • •	did not find that the motive for rs from 12 as from broken				
			•	nce as many boys said they were				
			=	to money, to have 13, such				
		-	• •	ion, and to help the community.				
				ect residents from outsiders. The				
		(n) 14 to the dead-e						
•	Neighborhood resident	s are 15 about gang	gs. On the one hand, they	fear the violence. On the other				
nanc	l, many adults once belo	onged to gangs, and stated	that since gang members	s are the children of people who				
	-	ey often provide better pro	•					
11	(A) Owing to	(B) As a result of	(C) In opposition to	(D) In agreement with				
12	(A) rich	(B) tidy	(C) foster	(D) intact				
13	(A) recreation	(B) aspiration	(C) delusion	(D) fusion				
14	(A) dilemma	(B) treatment	(C) alternative	(D) orientation				
15	(A) frustrated	(B) ambivalent	(C) determined	(D) light-hearted				

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20

請依下文回答第 16 題至第 20 題

College classrooms are often drab and dreary places. Walls are painted a variation of "institutional gray"; furniture is easy to clean, but uncomfortable and unattractive. Chairs are lined up in straight rows facing the teacher's desk or lectern. In one study, over 80% of university students rated their classrooms negatively, describing them as ugly, cramped, stuffy, and uncomfortable. The research by environmental psychologists is beginning to show that unattractive classrooms are not only unappealing; they may also adversely affect academic performance.

A more carefully controlled study of classroom environments was conducted a few years ago. The researchers selected two identical classrooms located side by side in the psychology building. The control classroom, which they called the "sterile classroom," had white walls, a gray carpet, and rows of plastic desks. Besides, an alcohol-based beautiful hand sanitizer was placed in the room for students to use. The experimental classroom, which they called the "friendly classroom," was redecorated with the help of a design consultant. Several walls were painted bright colors, art posters hung on the walls, large plants added to the room, and colorful Chinese kites hung from the ceiling. In addition to traditional desks, a part of the room was outfitted with area rugs, color-coordinated cushions, and wooden cubes to provide nontraditional seating.

The researchers investigated how these two different environments affected performance in actual college classes. Two professors teaching introductory psychology agreed to participate in the study although they were not informed of the purpose of the research. When school began, each class was randomly assigned to one of the two rooms. Halfway through the term, the classes switched rooms. Thus, students in both classes spent half the term in the control room and half in the experimental room. Students were not told they were being studied; the switch in rooms was explained as occurring because the original room was needed for videotaping. The most striking finding from this study was that students performed significantly better on regular course exams when they were in the friendly rather than the sterile room.

wne	en they were in the i	rnendry rather than the	sterne room.				
16	According to this passage, the word "sterile" means						
	(A) lifeless	(B) clean	(C) empty	(D) safe			
17	The main pattern of organization of the second paragraph is .						
	(A) time order		(B) definition and	(B) definition and example			
	(C) cause and effect		(D) comparison an	(D) comparison and/or contrast			
18	We can conclude from the passage that the two professors might have guessed the purpose of the study						
	they were in becau	ise					
	(A) they had read about the interests of the researchers						
	(B) one of the two rooms they taught in was decorated unusually						
	(C) research assistants gave them hints about the purpose of the study						
	(D) the study was carried out many times before they participated in this study						
19	The sentence "best expresses the central point of this passage."						
	(A) College classrooms are often drab and dreary places.						
	(B) In one study, over 80% of university students rated their classrooms negatively, describing them a						
	ugly, cramped, stuffy, and uncomfortable.						
	(C) The research by environmental psychologists is beginning to show that unattractive classrooms are no						

college classes.

The sentence "_____" is NOT relevant support for the setting of the two classrooms designed by the

(D) The researchers investigated how these two different environments affected performance in actual

- researchers.
- (A) The researchers selected two identical classrooms located side by side in the psychology building.
- (B) Besides, an alcohol-based beautiful hand sanitizer was placed in the room for students to use.

only unappealing; they may also adversely affect academic performance.

- (C) Several walls were painted bright colors, art posters hung on the walls, large plants added to the room, and colorful Chinese kites hung from the ceiling.
- (D) In addition to traditional desks, a part of the room was outfitted with area rugs, color-coordinated cushions, and wooden cubes to provide nontraditional seating.

測驗式試題標準答案

考試名稱: 111年公務人員特種考試司法人員、法務部調查局調查人員、海岸巡防人員、移民行政人

員考試及111年未具擬任職務任用資格者取得法官遴選資格考試

類科名稱: 移民行政(選試印尼文)、移民行政(選試英文)、移民行政(選試俄文)、移民行政(選試泰

文)、移民行政(選試越南文)、移民行政(選試法文)、移民行政(選試日文)

外國文(印尼文兼試移民專業英文)、外國文(英文兼試移民專業英文)、外國文(俄文兼試移民專業英文)、外

科目名稱: 國文(泰文兼試移民專業英文)、外國文(越南文兼試移民專業英文)、外國文(法文兼試移民專業英文)、外國

文(日文兼試移民專業英文)(試題代號:4631)

單選每題配分:1.25分 單選題數:20題

複選每題配分: 複選題數:

標準答案:

題號	第1題	第2題	第3題	第4題	第5題	第6題	第7題	第8題	第9題	第10題
答案	D	С	A	A	В	С	D	A	В	A
題號	第11題	第12題	第13題	第14題	第15題	第16題	第17題	第18題	第19題	第20題
答案	С	D	A	С	В	A	D	В	С	В
題號	第21題	第22題	第23題	第24題	第25題	第26題	第27題	第28題	第29題	第30題
答案										
題號	第31題	第32題	第33題	第34題	第35題	第36題	第37題	第38題	第39題	第40題
答案										
題號	第41題	第42題	第43題	第44題	第45題	第46題	第47題	第48題	第49題	第50題
答案										
題號	第51題	第52題	第53題	第54題	第55題	第56題	第57題	第58題	第59題	第60題
答案										
題號	第61題	第62題	第63題	第64題	第65題	第66題	第67題	第68題	第69題	第70題
答案										
題號	第71題	第72題	第73題	第74題	第75題	第76題	第77題	第78題	第79題	第80題
答案										
題號	第81題	第82題	第83題	第84題	第85題	第86題	第87題	第88題	第89題	第90題
答案										
題號	第91題	第92題	第93題	第94題	第95題	第96題	第97題	第98題	第99題	第100題
答案										

備 註: