

台灣中油股份有限公司 101 年僱用人員甄選試題

甄選類別【代碼】：各類別全

共同科目：國文及英文

* 入場通知書編號：

注意：①作答前須檢查答案卡、入場通知書編號、桌角號碼、甄選類別是否相符，如有不同應立即請監試人員處理，否則不予計分。
②本試卷為一張雙面，共 80 題，每題 1.25 分，共 100 分，限用 2B 鉛筆作答，請選出最適當答案，答錯不倒扣；未作答者，不予計分。
③本項測驗不得使用計算機；若應考人於測驗時將計算機放置於桌面或使用，經勸阻無效，仍執意使用者，該科扣 10 分；計算機並由監試人員保管至該節測驗結束後歸還。
④答案卡務必繳回，未繳回者該科成績以零分計算。

壹、國文【第 1-40 題，每題 1.25 分，共計 40 題，佔 50 分】

- 【3】1.春秋時代，被形容以「摩頂放踵」來實現他為天下謀利的思想家是：
①老子 ②荀子 ③墨子 ④莊子
- 【2】2.下列各成語空格內的方位次序與何組選項方位詞次序完全符合？坦腹 床 / 窗高臥 / 柯一夢 / 抱痛 河
①北南西東 ②東北南西 ③東南北西 ④北西南東
- 【4】3.下列解說歇後語的成語，正確的選項為：
①劉姥姥進大觀園 - 一見如故 ②孔夫子拜師 - 一塵不染
③小和尚唸經 - 嘴硬心軟 ④王羲之寫字 - 入木三分
- 【1】4.下列描述季節的文句，屬於形容秋天的選項為：
①金風玉露 ②燠金燠石 ③桃紅柳綠 ④朔氣金柝
- 【4】5.下列各文句中，含有以形容詞作為動詞用法的選項為：
①弟子不必不如師 ②醉翁之意不在酒 ③三折肱而成良醫 ④老吾老以及人之老
- 【1】6.下列各組「 」內的字音，前後兩兩相同的選項為：
①狡「獠」 / 市「儉」 ②堆「砌」 / 「沏」茶 ③「紓」解 / 「紆」尊 ④笑「靨」 / 夢「魘」
- 【4】7.下列各人物，在文學史上被尊為「隱逸詩人之宗」者為：
①屈原 ②李白 ③李商隱 ④陶淵明
- 【2】8.如果要表達「想要得到最好的學習成效，一定要重視慢慢累積的功夫」的意思，下列各文句最適合的是：
①中人以上，可以語上也 ②鍥而不舍，金石可鏤 ③可以速而速，可以久而久 ④博我以文，約我以禮
- 【3】9.下列各文句，用字完全正確的選項為：
①苗栗煙火秀具有憾動人心的效果 ②以色列軍隊已埋伏底定，準備出奇不意地發動攻擊
③蟬聲在晨曦中分外輕逸，似遠似近 ④鬼頭刀一點也不在乎船上虎視眈眈的漁人及漁具
- 【4】10.下列各成語所對應的歷史人物，正確的選項為：
①七步成詩 - 曹操 ②吐哺握髮 - 劉備 ③落月屋梁 - 項羽 ④韋編三絕 - 孔子
- 【2】11.下列各部經典，依其著作的時代，最早成書的選項是：
①昭明文選 ②史記 ③資治通鑑 ④明夷待訪錄
- 【3】12.成語的涵意，有些會具有因果關係，例如「水落石出」。下列各敘述也具備因果關係結構的選項為：
①懷才不遇 ②燕巢飛幕 ③撥雲見日 ④暴殄天物
- 【4】13.下列各組「 」內的字，意思前後相同的選項為：
①「目」不能兩視而明 / 綱舉「目」張
②傲「殺」人間萬戶侯 / 勝殘去「殺」
③吾十「有」五而志於學 / 其所記載，僅隸「有」清一朝
④狡兔「三」窟 / 「三」顧茅廬
- 【3】14.下列各組成語意思兩兩相似的選項為：
①左支右絀 / 應付裕如 ②玉樹臨風 / 罄竹難書 ③振聾發聵 / 醍醐灌頂 ④不一而足 / 天下無雙
- 【3】15.依據《論語》中的記載，有關子路的性格及為人，下列敘述何者正確？
①食言而肥 ②不違如愚 ③好勇過人 ④得寸進尺
- 【2】16.依據東漢 許慎在《說文解字》中對「六書」的解釋，下列哪一個文字最有可能是形聲字？
①看 ②園 ③壺 ④刃
- 【1】17.下列「 」內詞語所指的年齡與其他三個相異的選項為：
①黃髮 ②始鬣 ③總角 ④垂髫
- 【4】18.下列各成語用字完全正確的選項為：
①儒子可教 ②拍岸叫絕 ③含貽弄孫 ④天花亂墜
- 【3】19.「 」一書，初名《石頭記》，又名《情僧錄》、《風月寶鑑》、《金玉緣》，內容繁複，但脈絡井然，是著名的中國古典小說。下列最有可能是「 」內書名的選項為：
①聊齋誌異 ②孔雀東南飛 ③紅樓夢 ④霍小玉傳
- 【2】20.「100%只有自己的生活，就像 100%的檸檬汁，令人反胃」，由此可以推知，作者認為人生的很多煩惱，都是緣於下列何種原因？
①不懂適時放鬆 ②自我意識太強 ③飲食作息失調 ④絕對完美主義

- 【4】21.下列各選項「 」中的詞語，何者前後詞性及意義均相同？
①「善良」的風俗要靠大家一起努力維持 / 惡霸魚肉鄉民，到處欺負「良善」
②「寒風」颯颯，落葉紛飛，大地一片蕭條 / 天氣忽冷忽熱，容易感染「風寒」
③這句風涼話，澆熄了我「火熱」的心 / 老師的勉勵，讓他的鬥志旺如「熱火」
④罪犯假釋後再度犯案，令父母「心痛」不已 / 你居然過河拆橋，實在讓人「痛心」
- 【4】22.下列有關「章回小說」文體特徵的敘述，何者正確？
①故事完整，情節連貫，敘事角度基本上為第一人稱 ②散韻結合，韻文為主體，敘寫故事，散文用來描摹情狀
③慣將每回故事的重心濃縮成單句或相對的聯語，冠於篇末 ④採用「賣關子」、「吊胃口」等手法，每在情節關鍵處戛然而止
- 【4】23.下列「 」中的詞語，何者可用以表示「時間短暫」之意？
①一日不見，如隔「三秋」 ②悠悠生死別「經年」，魂魄不曾來入夢
③莫將等閑空過時光，一失人身，「萬劫」不復 ④君子無「終食之間」違仁，造次必於是，顛沛必於是
- 【4】24.「喝酒不開車，開車不喝酒」這句標語，是以上句相同的文字改換次序而形成下句。下列文句何者採用相同的寫法？
①只融你口，不融你手 ②君子坦蕩蕩，小人長戚戚
③天時不如地利，地利不如人和 ④月光戀愛著海洋，海洋戀愛著月光
- 【2】25.下列文句「 」內的字，何者是「人稱代詞」？
①王「若」隱其無罪而就死地，則牛羊何擇焉 ②居則曰：不吾知也！如或知「爾」，則何以哉
③聖人之所以為聖，愚人之所以為愚，「其」皆出於此乎 ④唧唧復唧唧，木蘭當戶織。不聞機杼聲，唯聞「女」嘆息
- 【1】26.自古詩歌文學的型式隨時代一直在改變，若從詩句的字數來看，下列各詩句最有可能是《詩經》典型作品的選項為：
①欲報之德，昊天罔極 ②使君自有婦，羅敷自有夫
③三月三日天氣新，長安水邊多麗人 ④碧雲天，黃葉地，秋色連波，波上寒煙翠
- 【3】27.詩詞中有將上句一整句做主語、下句做謂語的情形，例如「孤舟蓑笠翁，獨釣寒江雪」。下列詩句，何者屬於此一構句方式？
①白日依山盡，黃河入海流 ②星垂平野闊，月湧大江流
③多少六朝興廢事，盡入漁樵閒話 ④孤帆遠影碧山盡，唯見長江天際流
- 【4】28.下列選項中的詞語，何者結構與「喝開水」相同？
①說清楚 ②洗乾淨 ③拿了去 ④寫功課
- 【2】29.在語文中，描述人、事、物時，轉變其原來的性質，化成另一種本質截然不同的人、事、物而加以描述形容的稱為「轉化」。以下各句，屬於轉化修辭的選項為：
①刻妳的名字在不凋的樹上 ②苦難結晶出我的智慧，透明且硬
③微薄的氣息，像風中的燭光 ④說了許多廢話，看了許多廢書，做了許多不中用的事
- 【2】30.下列文句，何者與「為人己愈有，與人己愈多」的意涵相近？
①受人點滴，當泉湧以報 ②好施捨的必得豐裕，滋潤人的必得滋潤
③感激使我們將他人的優點，變成自己的財富 ④行動不一定能帶來幸福，但沒有行動絕不會有幸福
- 【2】31.安徒生 醜小鴨：「只要你是天鵝蛋，即使是在鴨欄裡孵出來的也沒有關係。」這句話的意涵為何？
①行行出狀元 ②英雄不怕出身低 ③萬丈高樓平地起 ④自信為成功之鑰
- 【1】32.下列引號中的字音，寫成國字後，何者字形前後相同？
①參「ㄘ」不齊 / 聽候「ㄘㄨ」遣 ②一「ㄘㄨ」莫展 / 「ㄘㄨ」雲慘霧
③飛簷走「ㄅ」 / 走「ㄅ」不及 ④模「ㄅ」兩可 / 平原丘「ㄅ」
- 【3】33.關漢卿 四塊玉：「南畝耕，東山臥，世態人情經歷多。閒將往事思量過，賢的是他，愚的是我，爭什麼？」曲中呈現的人生觀，與下列何者最相近？
①獨善其身 ②積極救世 ③淡泊名利 ④憤世嫉俗
- 【1】34.下列賀詞，何組用途相同？
①明珠入掌 / 弄瓦徵祥 ②里仁為美 / 流芳百世 ③美輪美奐 / 宜室宜家 ④琴瑟和鳴 / 如岡如陵
- 【2】35.下列各則新聞報導中所使用的成語，何者最適切？
①這場死亡車禍，到處血跡斑斑，真教人「司空見慣」 ②我國奧運跆拳道參賽選手不幸連敗三場，「鐵羽而歸」
③大雄年輕時為非作歹，現在已「怙惡不悛」，改過自新 ④為了爭奪遺產，他竟然「讓棗推梨」，迫害自己的兄弟
- 【4】36.關於「一個今天勝過兩個明天」這句話，下列闡釋何者最正確？
①勝敗的關鍵，在於能延長時間 ②今天的努力，奠定明天的成功
③今天不做預設，明天才有驚奇 ④與其期待明天，不如把握今天
- 【3】37.下列關於《論語》一書的敘述，何者最正確？
①內容主要在談論政治 ②是名家最重要的經典 ③以記言為主，為語錄體 ④由孔子弟子及孟子編纂
- 【3】38.美國哲學家哈巴德曾說過：「凡事除非放棄，否則不會有失敗。」這句話的主旨與下列何者最接近？
①面對光明，陰影就在身後 ②欲推動天下，先發動自己 ③天下無難事，只怕有心人 ④若非先有夢，一切皆不成
- 【1】39.「張旭看見挑夫挑著重擔爭路，忽然大悟書法；文同偶見路上兩蛇纏鬥而得書法的妙理。」這二個例子，都表達了一個中心主旨，下列選項何者取義與此相近？
①黃山谷在三峽看見船夫的盪槳，頓悟用筆之法 ②閻立本研究張僧繇畫作，朝夕揣摩，廢寢忘食
③王羲之仰慕張芝，臨池勤學書，致使池水盡黑 ④英國詩人瓊斯在獄中以血寫詩，成為傳世珍品
- 【1】40.「摩詰以淳古淡泊之音，寫山林閒適之趣」，請問這是對下列哪位詩人的評論？
①王維 ②李白 ③孟浩然 ④陶淵明

【請接續背面】

貳、英文【第 41-80 題，每題 1.25 分，共計 40 題，佔 50 分】

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

- 【2】41. A scandal like this could easily destroy the company's _____.
- ① trend ② reputation ③ protection ④ conflict
- 【3】42. With the new technical _____, the company has been growing fast in the past three years.
- ① difficulty ② breakdown ③ know-how ④ misery
- 【4】43. He decided to _____ in the international culinary contest no matter how challenging it could be.
- ① withdraw ② appreciate ③ compensate ④ participate
- 【1】44. Is the _____ from the customers about the new product positive or negative?
- ① feedback ② damage ③ service ④ tragedy
- 【4】45. Tom is so _____ about baseball that he goes to watch his team play every week.
- ① proud ② considerate ③ interested ④ enthusiastic
- 【1】46. Richard is lucky to have supportive parents who _____ him to pursue his dream.
- ① encourage ② threaten ③ discover ④ design
- 【4】47. The shortage of food is becoming a _____ problem; millions of people around the world are at the risk of starving to death.
- ① normal ② unique ③ nervous ④ global
- 【3】48. The movie festival is held _____, attracting movie lovers from many countries every year.
- ① mentally ② obviously ③ annually ④ exactly
- 【2】49. The _____ of the new product surprised the inventor. He hadn't expected it to become such a hit.
- ① regularity ② popularity ③ explanation ④ imagination
- 【3】50. John's boss thinks that John _____ a pay raise because he has made so many contributions to the company.
- ① reserves ② preserves ③ deserves ④ conserves

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中，選出最適當的答案】

- 【2】51. Our team is asked to give a presentation to Mr. Johnson, _____ company is our longtime partner.
- ① which ② whose ③ who ④ whom
- 【1】52. The annual shareholder meeting will _____ next week, and we need to start the preparation.
- ① be held ② hold ③ have held ④ be holding
- 【2】53. If the company cannot find a way to stop _____ their clients, their business is soon going bust.
- ① to lose ② losing ③ lost ④ to be lost
- 【3】54. _____ in 1965, Subway is now the biggest restaurant chain.
- ① Found ② Founding ③ Founded ④ To found
- 【1】55. Since the mistake was _____, they should be responsible for all our losses.
- ① theirs ② themselves ③ them ④ their
- 【1】56. I cannot find my wallet. It _____ have been stolen when I was in the night market.
- ① must ② should ③ can ④ would
- 【3】57. The cool weather in autumn makes _____ more comfortable to travel around the island.
- ① much ② so ③ it ④ that
- 【4】58. In Taiwan, food shortages may not seem as urgent as _____ in some African countries.
- ① that ② which ③ what ④ those
- 【1】59. There _____ an old church on that corner. What a pity that it was burned down in a big fire!
- ① used to be ② was used to have ③ used to being ④ was used to having
- 【3】60. It has been raining all day; I wonder when _____.
- ① will it stop ② does it stop ③ it will stop ④ it stops

三、會話測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

- 【4】61. A: I'm still trying to work out the details for tomorrow's presentation.
B: _____
- ① You need to make a reservation. ② The copier is out of order.
③ You should work out more often. ④ Do you need my help?
- 【2】62. A: May I take your order now?
B: _____
- ① I don't like to be ordered around. ② Not yet. Give me a few more minutes.
③ Sure. I will put that on back order. ④ Sorry, it is out of order.
- 【2】63. A: Exactly what problems do we have?
B: _____
- ① What's the matter with you? ② I can't say for sure, but I guess it's the budget.
③ I believe we are having problems. ④ Let's pretend there are no problems.
- 【4】64. A: I'll take a rain check, if that's all right.
B: _____
- ① Thank you. I will reply soon. ② I don't think it's going to rain.
③ Sure. You can use my umbrella. ④ Ok, maybe next time.
- 【2】65. A: I'd like your opinion on something.
B: _____
- A: Which dress should I wear to the party, the pink one or the black one?
① Sorry! I'm quite busy now. ② Sure, what is it? ③ May I help you? ④ I haven't the slightest idea.

- 【3】66. A: Excuse me. How much will it cost to get to Garden Hotel by taxi?
B: It's about 300 dollars. _____
A: Do you have a better suggestion?
B: Taking the subway is a better idea at this time.
- ① I often take a taxi there. ② Why not take a bus instead?
③ But if I were you, I wouldn't take a taxi. ④ It's not easy to find a parking space there.
- 【3】67. A: Mr. Anderson was mad at our class today.
B: _____
A: Nearly half of the students did not finish their homework.
B: No wonder.
- ① Isn't he your math teacher? ② Really? When?
③ How come? ④ Does he need to see a psychiatrist?
- 【2】68. A: Congratulations! Your team won the game.
B: Thank you! What did you think of the game?
A: It was really exciting. _____
- ① I couldn't help falling asleep during the game. ② I was on the edge of my seat during the whole game.
③ I'm glad that you are here. ④ I had difficulty finding my way there.
- 【4】69. A: Where is Paul? I didn't see him in class.
B: He had a doctor's appointment. He'll be back tomorrow.
A: _____
B: I believe he has some psychological problems.
- ① Who can give him a hand? ② How often does he see a doctor?
③ I wish him a quick recovery. ④ What's the matter with him?
- 【2】70. A: Did you enjoy the opera last night?
B: _____ It couldn't be better.
- ① It depends. ② You bet. ③ No big deal. ④ Not exactly.

四、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

There are many symbols in the world today. Many of these have their roots in history. 71, the symbol @ is found on every keyboard in the world. Its modern meaning dates back to 1971, 72 Raymond Tomlinson used it to identify different computer stations. From there, it has spread to emails, forums, Facebook, and Twitter. 73 example is the symbol of Bluetooth, which was created by the Swedish company Ericsson. The technology was actually named 74 a 10th century Danish king, Harald Blatand, who unified Denmark, Norway, and Sweden into a powerful kingdom. The title "Bluetooth" is said to have come about because King Harald ate too many blueberries. The Bluetooth symbol uses Harald's initials, written in the old runes from that region. These examples 75 a very good question--where would we be without these symbols? Our world would surely look a lot different.

- 【4】71. ① In fact ② After all ③ However ④ For instance
【3】72. ① which ② that ③ when ④ so
【2】73. ① Other ② Another ③ The other ④ Others
【2】74. ① from ② after ③ into ④ of
【1】75. ① bring up ② make up ③ end up ④ hang up

五、閱讀測驗

More than four million tourists from around the world visit Australia every year. Many of these visitors only stay for a few weeks in order to visit Sydney, Australia's biggest city, and to enjoy some of Australia's beautiful beaches. Some visitors, however, want to stay longer and experience the "real" Australia, so they decide to work on the Harvest Trail.

The Harvest Trail is a group of farms around Australia that need workers. Tourists from many countries, both men and women, can work as fruit pickers in order to pay for their trip. This work can take them to many parts of the country, from Tasmania in the south to Queensland in the north. The types of fruit that are usually picked include cherries, mangoes, and peaches. Although the work is often hard and is in the sun, it is a great way for visitors to see more of Australia, not just the big cities.

To join the Harvest Trail program, visitors need to be between 18 and 30 years old, and have a special working holiday visa. For your next trip to Australia, you can give this program a try.

- 【4】76. What is the main idea of this passage?
① Starting a new life in Australia. ② Picking fruit in Australia.
③ Applying for jobs in Australia. ④ Working and traveling in Australia.
- 【2】77. Which of the following will people joining the Harvest Trail program not experience?
① Working hard. ② Marketing fruit. ③ Traveling around. ④ Picking fruit.
- 【4】78. Which of the following is true?
① People working on the Harvest Trail get free airline tickets.
② People of all ages can join the Harvest Trail program.
③ Farms on the Harvest Trail need workers to harvest rice.
④ The Harvest Trail program allows tourists to see the real Australia.
- 【3】79. Which of the following is NOT a requirement for joining the Harvest Trail program?
① Being between 18 and 30 years old. ② Having a special working holiday visa.
③ Having visited Australia before. ④ Being prepared for hard work.
- 【1】80. What does the author mean by the "real" Australia?
① Rural life. ② Big cities like Sydney. ③ A lot of tourists. ④ Beautiful beaches.