

第一銀行 111 年新進人員甄選(第二次)試題

甄選類別【代碼】：一般行員 A【U7001-U7019】

共同科目：英文

*入場通知書編號：_____

注意：①作答前先檢查答案卡，測驗入場通知書編號、座位標籤、應試科目是否相符，如有不同應立即請監試人員處理。使用非本人答案卡作答者，該節不予計分。
②本試卷為一張雙面，四選一單選擇題共 50 題，每題 2 分，共 100 分，限以 2B 鉛筆於答案卡上作答，請選出一個正確或最適當答案，答錯不倒扣；以複選作答或未作答者，該題不予計分。
③請勿於答案卡上書寫應考人姓名、入場通知書編號或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。
④本項測驗僅得使用簡易型電子計算器（不具任何財務函數、工程函數、儲存程式、文數字編輯、內建程式、外接插卡、攝（錄）影音、資料傳輸、通訊或類似功能），且不得發出聲響。應考人如有下列情事扣該節成績 10 分，如再犯者該節不予計分。1.電子計算器發出聲響，經制止仍執意續犯者。2.將不符規定之電子計算器置於桌面或使用，經制止仍執意續犯者。
⑤答案卡務必繳回，未繳回者該節以零分計算。

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

- 【2】1. This is just a _____ of an ice burg – this social problem is in fact more widespread and serious than it looks on the surface.
① matter ② tip ③ pack ④ couple
- 【4】2. Paris is the _____ of France, the center of all the country's political and economic activities.
① suburb ② cradle ③ gallery ④ capital
- 【3】3. The famous premier stepped down because of a _____ reported by the media that he had an affair with a married woman.
① fantasy ② glance ③ scandal ④ credit
- 【2】4. She is quite _____ when forced to choose between two options that are equally compelling.
① erotic ② hesitant ③ decisive ④ nutritious
- 【1】5. You must be responsible for the _____ since you're the one who insisted on doing it in your way.
① consequences ② prerequisites ③ headquarters ④ blessings
- 【2】6. Loud singing and laughing outside the classroom _____ the professor's lecture.
① skimmed ② disrupted ③ rowed ④ pronounced
- 【3】7. There are billions of stars in the sky, but only about 5000 are _____ to the naked human eye.
① edible ② reputable ③ visible ④ permeable
- 【1】8. People who regularly _____ say that it calms their minds and makes them healthier and more alert.
① meditate ② devastate ③ castrate ④ prorate
- 【1】9. The fire spread so quickly that the whole block was _____ in flames in 15 minutes.
① engulfed ② dissected ③ chained ④ foamed
- 【4】10. The rumors were meant to _____ the leader so people would not trust him anymore.
① appreciate ② signify ③ repute ④ discredit
- 【4】11. The house looks _____. There are cobwebs everywhere, and the weeds in the yard are almost as tall as men.
① dictated ② quacked ③ ornamented ④ abandoned
- 【3】12. The pills the doctor _____ are all in this box. Remember to take one after every meal.
① capped ② aborted ③ prescribed ④ formatted
- 【3】13. We will start _____ in a few minutes. We expect to land in Tokyo in about 20 minutes.
① generating ② claiming ③ descending ④ weighing
- 【3】14. The tourist bus _____ with a truck on the highway, but luckily, no one was hurt.
① segregated ② immersed ③ collided ④ divulged
- 【1】15. Your son was marked as absent or _____ in one of his classes today. Please remind him to show up for class on time tomorrow.
① tardy ② messy ③ handy ④ lumpy

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

- 【4】16. Because it rained pretty hard all of a sudden, _____ was canceled at the last minute.
① and the picnic ② or the picnic ③ so the picnic ④ the picnic
- 【2】17. Some people believe that two glasses of milk a day _____ doctors away.
① keep ② keeps ③ to keep ④ keeping
- 【4】18. _____ everything she had, the ambitious businesswoman decided to start from scratch all over again.
① Lose ② Lost ③ Loses ④ Losing
- 【3】19. I was soaked by the heavy rain this morning! I _____ my umbrella.
① should bring ② should brought ③ should have brought ④ should have been brought
- 【1】20. _____ his financial help, I would be broke now.
① Were it not for ② If it was not ③ Not if it was ④ If it were with
- 【1】21. All children _____ in this event will receive a gift bag from the organization.
① participating ② participated ③ who participating ④ be participated
- 【2】22. The president of the company made a speech _____ he talked about the company's goals for the coming year.
① which ② in which ③ that ④ whose
- 【2】23. It was unclear whether the debate will be held _____ or not.
① scheduling ② as scheduled ③ on scheduled ④ to schedule
- 【4】24. The customer demanded that the refund _____ immediately.
① processed ② is processed ③ was being processed ④ be processed
- 【4】25. So far we _____ about the outcome of the experiment.
① don't hear something ② didn't nothing hear ③ hadn't hear things ④ haven't heard anything
- 【2】26. When the boy heard the bad news, he _____.
① couldn't help to cry ② couldn't help but cry ③ could but helped crying ④ could have helped to cry
- 【1】27. Compared to listening to recorded lectures at home, Tom _____ drive 30 miles to sit in a classroom and learn with his peers.
① would much rather ② rathers much ③ would rather much ④ much to be rather
- 【3】28. An old calligraphy scroll _____ by a famous artist was found last week.
① which believed was written ② believing to writing ③ believed to be written ④ which believing to be written
- 【3】29. Sharon _____ for bed when the doorbell rang.
① gotten ready ② was readily ③ was getting ready ④ readily gotten
- 【4】30. After more than three hours of interrogation, the man finally admitted to _____ the car.
① having steal ② stole ③ be stolen ④ stealing

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

第一篇：

For decades, habitat loss and hunting _____ 31 a huge threat to the whooping cranes of North America. When the bird was listed as _____ 32 in 1967, there were just 48 of them left in the wild. In 1978, a couple of whopping crane habitats were established in the U. S. and its northern neighbor, and the birds get to live and grow safely in Wisconsin, Florida, and at Wood Buffalo National Park in Canada. Due to this establishment of their _____ 33, along with other measures including effective breeding and reproduction programs, and _____ 34, the current population of this North America's tallest bird is now at about 600. Though the crane's future remains uncertain, it is one of conservation's _____ 35 stories.

- 【2】31. ① will pose ② had posed ③ are posing ④ were posed
- 【3】32. ① dangerous ② extinct ③ endangered ④ lethal
- 【4】33. ① stadiums ② cemeteries ③ landfills ④ sanctuaries
- 【3】34. ① widely-promoted deals on trades ② highly-recommended recipes for cooking ③ strictly-enforced bans on hunting ④ globally-founded sites for entertainment
- 【2】35. ① common myth ② great success ③ sad truth ④ sour grape

【請接續背面】

第二篇：

For generations, snow days meant sleeping in, loafing in front of the TV with hot cocoa, and hours of sledding and snowball fights. Now, they are 36 to mean logging into a laptop for a Zoom lesson. As the weather cools and winter gets near, many school leaders in snow-prone states are 37 teachers, parents and students to say goodbye to snow days. This month, New York City, the nation's largest school system, canceled them for the year, saying the pandemic has forced districts everywhere to look for ways to 38 lost days. New York's decision followed moves that other administrators have been 39 since March 2020, when schools were forced to transition to online learning and officials realized they could do the 40 during severe weather.

- 【2】36. ① constant ② likely ③ quickly ④ lucky
【3】37. ① drawing ② cracking ③ preparing ④ mending
【4】38. ① give up ② close down ③ turn in ④ make up
【1】39. ① making ② popping ③ trading ④ weaving
【4】40. ① more ② lest ③ proper ④ same

四、閱讀測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

第一篇：

Work and play are the words frequently used to illustrate the difference between people's professional lives and their leisure time. Yet, for some individuals, there appears to be no difference. Welcome to the world of video and computer game testers – people who literally play for a living.

On the surface, this might sound like an awesome career. But don't start searching the Internet for vacancies just yet. Here, some game testing pros explain why the work is not as wonderful as people might think.

Firstly, testers don't usually get to play a whole game from beginning to end. Instead, they are generally assigned a part of the game that they have to play over and over for months. One tester compares it to repeatedly looking at the same short clip of a film. **“You can hardly call that watching a movie,”** he says. Furthermore, you don't get to choose the games and will often have to test a game that you don't even like.

Another issue is payment. Testers earn just around US\$10 an hour and even those with years of experience might get an hourly wage of no more than US\$15. Also, because testers generally work freelance, they are not entitled to the benefits that other employees of the software company get.

Testing can also be exhausting work. When deadlines for a project's completion approach, testers are often asked to put in overtime hours for little or no compensation. People have reported collapsing from **fatigue** while working through the night staring at screens and wriggling their fingers to get the job done. As many veterans of the industry will tell you, game testing is not simply fun and excitement. It can be monotonous and uninspiring just like any other job.

- 【3】41. What is the main idea of this article?
① tips of becoming a game tester
② health risks of being a game tester
③ reality of game testers' work
④ new developments of game testing
- 【1】42. What does one of the game testers mean by saying **“You can hardly call that watching a movie”**?
① Testing games is like watching only a small part of a movie over and over again.
② Testing games is not so leisurely and comfortable as watching a movie.
③ Game testers are mostly not allowed to watch a movie during the testing.
④ Game testing is often regarded as watching a movie.
- 【4】43. Which of the following is true about the financial rewards or welfare most game testers would get?
① Most game testers get an hourly pay, but veterans earn a monthly salary.
② Experienced game testers can be much better-paid and make a big fortune.
③ If a regular game tester works 10 hours a day, he or she might make US\$150 in one day.
④ Generally speaking, game testers do not enjoy the welfare as full-time employees do.
- 【4】44. What does **“fatigue”** (in the last paragraph) most likely mean?
① overweight
② boredom
③ imagination
④ tiredness

【2】45. How does the author sound in the concluding sentences of this article?

- ① humorous and teasing
② reserved and advisory
③ positive and encouraging
④ frustrated and angry

第二篇：

Inspired by Japanese capsule pods (膠囊旅館), microhotels have recently been met by overwhelming enthusiasm from travelers—making tiny hotel rooms the latest trend. The Japanese pod hotels first appeared in Osaka in the late 1970s and catered to white-collar businessmen who spent their days working diligently in the big city offices and evenings letting off steam at the pubs. These pod hotels were an economical solution for the businessmen who lived far from home by train, but needed nothing more than a warm shower and a bed to sleep in at the end of the night.

These days, the demands of travelers seeking affordable accommodations with the same high-quality facilities have taken the practical concept of pod hotels to new heights. Now, microhotels are popping up around the world, offering modern, functionally-designed rooms at affordable rates. Designed to simplify the hotel stay experience, microhotels maximize every square foot with smartly-designed rooms and high-tech touches. The hotels also replace rarely-used facilities like business centers and gyms with friendly co-working spaces for young professionals. Self check-in kiosks are also an increasingly popular feature for added convenience. Located in prominent neighborhoods of the world's most high-profile metropolises, microhotels are making the biggest impact on destinations where real estate is scarce and soaring rates for basic accommodations make you want to stay at home. Urban centers such as London, New York City, and Paris are made especially more accessible to budget travelers with the introduction of microhotels.

Typical rooms occupy 125 to 250 square feet in space with some as tiny as 30 square feet. The trade-off for space is prime location and easy access to the city's cultural centers at an affordable price. With designs that include foldable desks, blackout shades, and beds with built-in reading lights, these functional rooms offer all of the modern day conveniences. Minimalist and ultramodern, microhotels are designed for light travelers and style enthusiasts who spend much of their day exploring the city instead of lounging in the room and soaking in a tub.

【4】46. What is the passage mainly about?

- ① A new way to travel
② A new method to design rooms
③ A new white-collar life style
④ A new type of hotel

【2】47. Which of the following is true?

- ① Microhotels first appeared in New York City 50 years ago.
② Rooms in microhotels are usually small.
③ Microhotels were invented by an office worker in Osaka.
④ Microhotels are usually in remote places.

【2】48. What can be inferred from the passage?

- ① Microhotels often lack high-tech facilities.
② Microhotels are relatively more affordable.
③ Microhotels can only be found in Japan.
④ Microhotels offer big bath tubs for guests.

【3】49. Which of the following is most likely to be found in a microhotel?

- ① Weight-lifting equipment
② Big screen TVs and Karaoke machines
③ Beds with built-in reading lights
④ Conference rooms and banquet halls

【1】50. Which of the following groups of people are microhotels most suitable for?

- ① Young people who want to travel on a limited budget
② Parents with young children who like big playgrounds
③ Old people who like to take long hot spring baths
④ Bird watchers who like to be surrounded by nature