

兆豐國際商業銀行 107 年銀行業務經驗行員暨企金業務人員甄選

兆豐國際商業銀行 107 年客服人員甄選

試題

甄才類別【代碼】：銀行業務經驗行員-辦事員(七職等)【M6101】、

企金業務人員-高級辦事員(八職等)【M6102】、

客服人員-辦事員(六職等)【M6801】

科目一：英文

*入場通知書編號：

注意：①作答前先檢查答案卡(卷)，測驗入場通知書編號、座位標籤、甄試類別、需才地區等是否相符，如有不同應立即請監試人員處理。使用非本人答案卡(卷)作答者，不予計分。
 ②本試卷一張雙面，四選一單選選擇題 40 題，每題 1.25 分，共 50 分；非選擇題 2 題，每題各 25 分，共 50 分；合計 100 分。
 ③選擇題限以 2B 鉛筆於答案卡上作答，請選出最適當答案，答錯不倒扣；未作答者，不予計分。
 ④非選擇題限以藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆於答案卷上採橫式作答，並請依標題指示之題號於各題指定作答區內作答。
 ⑤請勿於答案卡(卷)上書寫姓名、入場通知書編號或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。
 ⑥本項測驗僅得使用簡易型電子計算器(不具任何財務函數、工程函數、儲存程式、文數字編輯、內建程式、外接插卡、攝(錄)影音、資料傳輸、通訊或類似功能)，且不得發出聲響。
 ⑦答案卡(卷)務必繳回，未繳回者該節以零分計算。

壹、英文【四選一單選選擇題 40 題，占 50 分】

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

- 【3】1. Julie has a(n) _____ mind. That's why she is highly relied upon by her boss.
 ① criticized ② realized ③ organized ④ emphasized
- 【2】2. Joe is good at telling jokes to lighten the _____ atmosphere in a group.
 ① dense ② tense ③ loose ④ intense
- 【3】3. You have to sign your name on the paper, but leaving a phone number is _____.
 ① must ② wealthy ③ optional ④ necessarily
- 【1】4. You should _____ no effort to improve your French if you plan to study in France.
 ① spare ② spill ③ zoom ④ deliver
- 【3】5. Capital punishment is _____ by some people as cruel and immoral.
 ① absorbed ② planted ③ regarded ④ renewed
- 【4】6. The weather broadcast says that there is strong _____ of raining.
 ① like ② alike ③ likely ④ likelihood
- 【3】7. With total _____, Janice solved the math questions within a short time.
 ① competition ② transmission ③ concentration ④ recommendation
- 【2】8. Oil prices have risen _____ these days, which makes public transportations like MRT a good alternative to private cars.
 ① scarcely ② steadily ③ spiritually ④ systematically
- 【4】9. It is everybody's responsibility to protect our _____ from pollution.
 ① greenhouse ② temperature ③ deforestation ④ environment
- 【1】10. Enthusiasm for candidate Eddy Lee _____, but interest in his opponent increased as the campaign became more heated and the election drew nearer.
 ① dwindled ② quibbled ③ muttered ④ scrawled

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

- 【4】11. I need a hammer and some nails _____ to fix the door and windows.
 ① that ② with that ③ which ④ with which
- 【4】12. _____ from the top of the hill, the river looks magnificent.
 ① See ② Saw ③ Seeing ④ Seen
- 【3】13. I used to spend two years in Paris, _____ I learned some French.
 ① that ② there ③ where ④ which
- 【4】14. Michael never goes to a bookstore _____ buying some books.
 ① not ② isn't ③ avoid ④ without
- 【3】15. The living cost in London is twice more than _____ in New York.
 ① it ② one ③ that ④ which
- 【1】16. What fortune is viewed as varies from one person _____.
 ① to another ② to person ③ for another ④ for person
- 【4】17. The speaker helped the audience understand _____.
 ① how is love ② how love is ③ what is love ④ what love is
- 【1】18. Sarina's friends grew tired of her _____ her constant complaints.
 ① as a result of ② in addition to ③ so as to ④ resulting in
- 【4】19. Ang Lee, the famous film director, is well-known _____ in Taiwan _____ also abroad.
 ① either ... or ② neither ... nor ③ as well ... as ④ not only ... but
- 【1】20. We are aware that, _____, the situation will get worse.
 ① if not carefully dealt with ② if not dealing with care ③ if not carefully deal with ④ if not carefully dealing with

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

第一篇

According to sleep experts, sleep is crucial for our health and performance. When we don't get enough sleep, we are more 21 to get sick and make mistakes. Sleep is especially important for people who work in the 22 field. Doctors and nurses often work long hours. When they are sleepy, they might accidentally 23 a patient or even cause a patient's death. 24 most people know that sleep is important, they continue to deprive themselves of it. This is why it's important to 25 that lack of sleep is a significant problem. The consequence of sleep deprivation are just too serious to ignore.

- 【1】21. ① likely ② alike ③ like ④ liked
 【2】22. ① technical ② medical ③ ecological ④ psychological
 【2】23. ① sue ② injure ③ commerce ④ deconstruct
 【4】24. ① Besides ② Apart from ③ In addition ④ Even though
 【3】25. ① invest ② counsel ③ acknowledge ④ compromise

第二篇

Earthquakes symbolize a kind of dialogue between man and earth, and in Taiwan's history there has been a continual contact sustained to different extents with the inhabitants of this land and their rulers. On September 21, 1999, a powerful earthquake measuring 7.3 on the Richter scale shook Taiwan at 1:47 a.m. 26 its epicenter 12.5 km from Sun Moon Lake in Nantou County. State radio described it as the most 27 quake to hit Taiwan in one hundred years. In terms of human loss, 2412 people lost their lives, 11,305 were injured when they were trapped under the rubble of 28 buildings and homes. 29 screamed for help from piles of crumpled concrete as rescue crews carried the wounded down ladders to safety. Panic-stricken residents stood outside their homes, clothed only in underwear or pajamas. 26,831 homes were completely destroyed, another 24,495 were partially destroyed. 30 those who were immediately affected by the earthquake at the instant it occurred, many others were struck by the incoming dangers and inconveniences that came when power and water supplies were cut off and roads were blocked or destroyed. These are all things that will surely stay in our collective memory.

- 【4】26. ① by ② of ③ for ④ with
 【3】27. ① heroic ② profound ③ devastating ④ indestructible
 【1】28. ① collapsed ② falling ③ burdened ④ toppling
 【2】29. ① Sources ② Survivors ③ Statistics ④ Afflictions
 【4】30. ① In order to ② In light of ③ By means of ④ In addition to

【請接續背面】

四、閱讀測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

第一篇

Public speaking is the art of speaking to a group of people in an organized way. Its purpose may be to provide the listeners with information, persuade them to do or believe something, or simply to entertain them. Humans have been making speeches almost as long as they have been able to talk. The first book about public speaking was written more than 2,400 years ago in ancient Greece.

Any effective leader is almost certainly a skillful public speaker. It can even make up for a lack of skills in other things. Good public speakers can persuade people to do all kinds of things, both bad and good. Adolf Hitler, the leader of Germany in World War II, was a talented speaker who led his country down a destructive path. Martin Luther King, another brilliant speaker, inspired millions with his famous "I Have a Dream" speech.

Many people try to improve their public speaking skills by joining a club. Some organizations provide training and opportunities to practice public speaking. Members also learn by observing others speak. They are taught techniques such as controlling the voice, choosing vocabulary, using gestures, and developing a relationship with the audience. All kinds of people join these clubs. One aim of the clubs is to help people overcome their fear of speaking to an audience. This fear is a type of "stage fright," a fear that affects some actors. It is believed to be the most common human fear, and affects up to 75 percent of people.

【3】31. How many reasons are given in the first paragraph for public speaking?

- ① One ② Two ③ Three ④ Four

【1】32. What does the passage imply about the ancient Greeks?

- ① They considered public speaking important.
② Only a few of them received an education.
③ They wrote books on many different topics.
④ They did not often allow public speaking.

【4】33. The passage describes Adolf Hitler and Martin Luther King in order to _____.

- ① demonstrate how speaking make up for a lack of other skills
② give examples of the good acts that both men inspired in people
③ point out similarities between their speeches and achievements
④ show how good speakers can influence people in different ways

【2】34. The passage does NOT say that members of public speaking clubs learn to _____.

- ① use gestures ② make people laugh
③ control their voices ④ use the right words

【3】35. How many people are afraid of public speaking?

- ① About half ② One in ten ③ Three out of four ④ About 90 percent

第二篇

Insomnia is a sleep disorder that affects a lot of people around the globe, especially in industrialized countries. In the West alone, it is estimated that more than sixty million people suffer from insomnia and this number is growing every day. Patients of insomnia complain that they have a hard time getting to sleep, suffer from interrupted sleep, or wake up too early.

The reasons for insomnia are both physical and psychological. If a person drinks alcohol, coffee, or tea before sleep, s/he will have a greater chance to encounter sleep problems. Besides, eating or exercising too much will also affect sleep qualities. Sometimes, a person's physical conditions, such as arthritis, toothache, or asthma, will also cause her/him to sleep badly.

The overriding psychological factor that results in insomnia is pressure. Oftentimes, when a person's pressure is relieved, her/his sleep pattern is back to normal again. If a person suffers from insomnia more than one week, s/he had better see a doctor.

Insomnia can sometimes be attributed to environmental factors as well. For example, if a person's bedroom is too noisy or bright, bombarded with bloodsucker mosquitoes, s/he will so find it hard to sleep well.

Hopefully, by understanding more about the causes of insomnia, you will come up with your own methods to fight against insomnia. Have a good night's sleep.

【1】36. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?

- ① Several factors may contribute to sleep disorder.
② Western people tend to drink more alcohol, coffee, and tea.
③ Eating or exercising too much does not help relieve pressure.
④ A person with physical conditions had better see a doctor soon.

【4】37. Which of the following statements is NOT true?

- ① One of the complaints from insomnia patients is interrupted sleep.
② In many cases, a person sleeps well again if her/his pressure disappears.
③ The number of Western people who suffer from insomnia is increasing.
④ No matter what happens, insomnia patients need not seek medical help.

【2】38. Which of the following expressions does not refer to a similar phenomenon as the others?

- ① Insomnia ② Sleeping late ③ Sleep disorder ④ Having difficulty sleeping

【3】39. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a category that may cause sleep disorder?

- ① The body ② The mind ③ The earthquake ④ The environment

【1】40. What is the main purpose of this passage?

- ① To explore sleep disorder and its fundamental causes.
② To argue that insomnia is an incurable physical condition.
③ To explain why people need enough sleep to keep in shape.
④ To support the theory that insomnia results from physical factors alone.

貳、英文【翻譯 2 題，占 50 分】

第一題：中翻英【配分 25 分】

根據今天發布的官方數據顯示，美國貿易赤字連續第 2 個月萎縮，歸功於出口創新高以及進口的中國貨品減少。4 月美國貿易逆差較 3 月縮小 2.1%，降至 462 億美元，遠優於分析師普遍預期的擴大 3.4%。拜玉米、黃豆、燃油和其他油品的出口訂單增加之賜，4 月美國貨品和服務出口額合計成長 0.3%，達到 2,112 億美元，刷新歷史上最高紀錄。目前正值全球主要國家正準備開打貿易戰，導火線是美國總統川普上週決定對歐盟、加拿大和墨西哥進口鋼鋁課徵懲罰性關稅。

第二題：英翻中【配分 25 分】

The Bank of Japan revised down its inflation assessment and stuck to an ultra-loose monetary policy on Friday, bucking the global trend toward tightening. As Japan's core consumer-price index, which excludes fresh food prices, rose 0.7% from a year earlier in April, decelerating for two consecutive months, the BOJ's policy board voted 8-1 to stay on an easing path. The Bank left the yield target on 10-year Japanese government bonds around zero and the short-term deposit rate at minus 0.1%, while keeping its pledge to buy government bonds at an annual rate of ¥80 trillion (\$725 billion). The decision contrasts with other central banks including the Federal Reserve, which on Wednesday raised its policy rate for the second time this year and set the stage for two more increases in 2018.