

彰化銀行 104 年新進人員甄試試題

甄試類別【代碼】：一般行員（櫃檯組）【G9001】／一般行員（外務組）【G9002-G9005】／
一般行員（原住民）【G9006】／資訊人員（電腦機房操作員）【G9007】／
資訊人員（程式設計員）【G9008】

普通科目：含國文及英文

*請填寫入場通知書編號：_____

注意：①作答前須檢查答案卡、入場通知書編號、桌角號碼、應試類別是否相符，如有不同應立即請監試人員處理，否則不予計分。
②本試卷一張雙面，四選一單選擇題共 50 題，每題 2 分，共 100 分，限用 2B 鉛筆於答案卡上作答，請選出最適當答案，答錯不倒扣；未作答者，不予計分。
③請勿於答案卡上書寫姓名、入場通知書編號或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。
④應試人僅得使用簡易型電子計算器(不具任何財務函數、工程函數功能、儲存程式功能)，但不得發出聲響；若應考人於測驗時將不符規定之電子計算器放置於桌面或使用，經勸阻無效，仍執意使用者，該節扣 10 分；該電子計算器並由監試人員保管至該節測驗結束後歸還。
⑤答案卡務必繳回，未繳回者該科以零分計算。

壹、國文【第 1-25 題，每題 2 分，共計 25 題，佔 50 分】

【4】1.下列各組「」中之讀音，不相同的是：

- ①併「攏」／「壟」斷
②心「扉」／「緋」聞
③「埤」塘／登「陴」
④「椿」萱／「舂」米

【1】2.下列選項中「卒」字義，與「天下有大勇者，卒然臨之而不驚」之「卒」相同的是：

- ①「卒」有盜賊之警，則相與恐懼訛言，不戰而走
②民莫不穀，我獨不「卒」
③走「卒」類土服，農夫躡絲履
④盈虛者如彼，而「卒」莫消長也

【1】3.下列文句中，「致」、「置」字使用錯誤的是：

- ①很多人不知道使用某些微量藥劑，竟然足以「置」命，令人不敢「致」信
②校長對於這個提案不「置」可否，「致」使大家無所適從
③政策欠缺溝通，處「置」失當，導「致」這次選舉的嚴重挫敗
④如果只購「置」硬體設備，卻沒有提升教學品質，學生上課時不能專心「致」志，仍然是沒有效果的

【4】4.下列各組「」中的字，前後字形相同的是：

- ①凌「丁一幺」之志／「丁一幺」小之輩
②力有未「勿斫」／責無旁「勿斫」
③「一」笑大方／「一」養天年
④時運不「卍一」／匡「卍一」之才

【2】5.（甲）胃□瘍（乙）功虧一□（丙）□贈。前述詞語□內的同音字，正確字形依序是：

- ①饋／愧／賸
②潰／簣／饋
③憤／匱／魄
④饋／潰／簣

【1】6.下列「」中的字，不是指顏色的是：

- ①「赤」手空拳
②近朱近「墨」
③「素」髮垂頰
④素衣化「緇」

【1】7.「青青河畔草，綿綿思遠道」（〈飲馬長城窟行〉）中，作者以「青草」象徵「離愁」。下列選項中「草」的意象，與此不相同的是：

- ①枝上柳綿吹又少，天涯何處無「芳草」
②離恨恰如「春草」，更行更遠還生
③王孫遊兮不歸，「春草」生兮萋萋
④漂泊漸搖「青草」外，鄉關誰念雪園東

【2】8.「不肯迂迴入醉鄉，乍吞忠梗沒滄浪。至今祠畔猿啼月，了了猶疑恨楚王。」本詩文所指涉的古人是：

- ①李白
②屈原
③岳飛
④蘇軾

【3】9.「寂寞東籬溼露華，依前金盞照泥沙。世情兒女無高韻，只看重陽一日花。」本詩文所歌詠的是：

- ①蓮花
②桃花
③菊花
④梅花

【2】10.下列詩文所塑造的情境，與陶淵明〈桃花源記〉最相近的是：

- ①雕闌玉砌應猶在，只是朱顏改
②兒孫生長與世隔，雖有父子無君臣
③人面不知何處去，桃花依舊笑春風
④等是有家歸未得，杜鵑休向耳邊啼

【1】11.下列對聯，屬於「祝壽」的是：

- ①杖朝步履春秋永／釣渭絲綸日月長
②瑞氣常鍾君子室／福星高照吉人家
③一路笙歌春似海／千門燈火夜如年
④紅妝帶綰同心結／碧池花開並蒂蓮

【4】12.下列《論語》中的句子，非為體現儒家孝道精神的是：

- ①父母唯其疾之憂
②父母之年不可不知也，一則以喜，一則以憂
③慎終追遠，民德歸厚矣
④老者安之，朋友信之，少者懷之

【4】13.「君者，民之源也。源清則流清，源濁則流濁。」本文句意旨與下列選項最相近的是：

- ①不在其位，不謀其政
②子在川上曰：逝者如斯夫！不捨晝夜
③君君，臣臣，父父，子子
④政者，正也。子帥以正，孰敢不正

【3】14.下列選項與「古者言之不出，恥躬之不逮也」之意旨最相近的是：

- ①巧言亂德
②不憤不啟，不悱不發
③君子恥其言而過其行
④吾未見能見其過而內自訟者也

【2】15.「你原本是一朵好看的青蓮／腳在泥中，頭頂藍天／無需潁川之水／一身紅塵已被酒精洗淨」。本詩所歌詠的人物是：

- ①屈原
②李白
③杜甫
④蘇軾

【4】16.下列文句「」中，不屬於外來語的是：

- ①今晚音樂會的「安可」曲，十分動聽
②在野黨「杯葛」執政黨的提案，為人民把關
③在夏天，吃「壽司」是一項很好的選擇
④麵「疙瘩」是周記麵館的招牌餐點之一

【3】17.「人必有北窗高臥，不肯折腰鄉里小兒之意，而後有□詩；人必有流離道路，每飯不忘君之心，而後有□詩；人必有放浪江湖，騎鯨捉月之氣，而後有李（白）詩。」文中的「□」依序應填入：

- ①王（羲之）／白（居易）
②韓（愈）／王（維）
③陶（淵明）／杜（甫）
④陶（淵明）／王（維）

【2】18.「走過／才知道那是中年／以後弄皺了的／一張臉／凹的是舊疾／凸的是新傷／談笑之間／有人說／涼拌最好」，本詩所描寫的蔬果是：

- ①番茄
②苦瓜
③哈密瓜
④小黃瓜

【4】19.下列文句中，不是描寫音樂感人至深的是：

- ①流魚出聽／六馬仰秣
②舞幽壑之潛蛟，泣孤舟之嫠婦
③三月不知肉味／餘音繞樑三日不絕
④戰士軍前半死生，美人帳下猶歌舞

【3】20.下列□內的詞，最適合填入的是：「這兩位應徵者的表現很好，□□□□，很難決定要錄取哪一個。」

- ①判若雲泥
②大相逕庭
③旗鼓相當
④寸木岑樓

【2】21.「古人秉燭夜遊，良有以也。」意謂：

- ①少壯不努力，老大徒傷悲
②為樂當及時，何能待來茲
③今宵賸把銀缸照，猶恐相逢是夢中
④天生我材必有用，千金散盡還復來

【4】22.下列「」中的疊字，屬於狀聲詞的是：（甲）「喃喃」細語（乙）「郁郁」青青（丙）靈雨「霏霏」（丁）西風「颯颯」

- ①甲乙
②乙丙
③丙丁
④甲丁

【3】23.下列各組成語，意思最相近的是：

- ①不遠千里／不遠而復
②捨生取義／靦然視息
③富貴利達／位充祿厚
④擢髮難數／和光同塵

【3】24.下列關於時間的詞語說明，錯誤的是：

- ①動彌「旬日」：十天
②不知東方之「既白」：指天亮
③七月「既望」：農曆每月十五
④「暮年」出之：滿一年

【2】25.下列題辭，適用於學校校慶的是：

- ①典型足式／弦歌不輟
②洙泗高風／作育菁莪
③時雨春風／近悅遠來
④君子所居／大啟爾宇

【請接續背面】

貳、英文【第 26-50 題，每題 2 分，共計 25 題，佔 50 分】

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

- 【1】26. _____ clothes are ones that you normally wear at home or on holidays, and not on formal occasions.
① Casual ② Night ③ Textile ④ Tuxedo
- 【3】27. For further information, please contact 212 4567, _____ 2030.
① intention ② attention ③ extension ④ precaution
- 【3】28. A _____ is a very serious crime such as armed robbery.
① fault ② weakness ③ felony ④ claim
- 【4】29. Women and girls are sometimes referred to as _____ when they are considered as a type.
① adolescent ② adult ③ male ④ female
- 【2】30. If you refer to the fact that people are _____, you mean that they will die and cannot live forever.
① immortal ② mortal ③ moral ④ immoral
- 【2】31. Mr. Chang has to retire this year because he has reached the _____ retirement age of 65.
① temporary ② mandatory ③ frequent ④ subsequent
- 【4】32. The problem is getting worse because most local authorities lack the _____ to deal sensibly in this market.
① reality ② quantity ③ authenticity ④ expertise
- 【2】33. I believe they are right and thus will _____ their opinion wholeheartedly.
① suggest ② endorse ③ submit ④ surprise

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

- 【3】34. The little girl is _____ a feather.
① the same light as ② lightly as ③ as light as ④ like light
- 【2】35. The drug is used to _____ blood pressure.
① low ② lower ③ lowly ④ lowest
- 【1】36. They hit a truck _____ in the opposite direction.
① coming ② comes ③ came ④ come
- 【3】37. He told me all the news, none of _____ was very exciting.
① that ② it ③ which ④ what
- 【1】38. On such a cold and damp day, I _____ stay home and watch TV than hang out with friends.
① would rather ② like to ③ am able to ④ prefer to
- 【1】39. I tried to grab the pickpocket _____ the sleeve but I missed it.
① by ② in ③ on ④ from
- 【4】40. If you could meet anyone, who _____ you choose?
① do ② did ③ could ④ would

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

‘If music be the food of love, play on,’ wrote Shakespeare. That might be a good rule for life in 41, but what about in the workplace? In a recent survey 77% of businesses in the UK said that playing music increased staff morale and also improved the working 42. Today, rules about listening to music at work are changing, in a world where nearly everyone has a smartphone or an mp3 player and employees can choose their own private playlists. 43, many managers are still unhappy about the idea of members of their team listening to music, using headphones at their desk and being cut off from their colleagues.

For those who do listen to music at work, another debate centers around the type of music workers should listen to in order to increase their productivity. A summary of recent research from Taiwan shows while some background music can 44 worker satisfaction and productivity, music with lyrics can have a negative effect on concentration and attention. The study concluded that music without lyrics is 45, as listening to songs with words is likely to reduce worker attention and performance.

- 【1】41. ① general ② particular ③ vain ④ need
【4】42. ① sight ② case ③ requirement ④ atmosphere
【2】43. ① Moreover ② However ③ Likewise ④ Consequently
【3】44. ① replace ② relieve ③ increase ④ interrupt
【1】45. ① preferable ② prerequisite ③ polite ④ prevent

四、閱讀測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

Telecommuting, the practice of working from home, is on the rise, and more companies are trusting their employees to be more productive in their own home offices than they might be at the workplace. Wrike, a company that makes collaboration software, conducted a survey with 1,074 respondents, asking them a variety of questions about working from home.

According to the survey, 83% of the respondents said they work remotely at least part of the day. Of the 1,074 respondents in the survey, 36% were team members, 33% were managers, 15% were business owners and 15% were executives.

The survey showed that people see a rising trend in the future of remote collaboration: 43% of respondents worked remotely less often two to three years ago, and 66% believe their office may go fully virtual in one to five years.

The survey also found the higher the position in the company, the more time the person spends working outside the office. Business owners worked nearly 30 hours a week from home, executives worked about 20 hours, managers worked between 10 and 20 hours, while team members worked up to about 10 hours.

When asked how much we are ready to ‘pay’ for the opportunity to work remotely: 78% would forego free meals, 54% would forego employer-paid cellphone plans, 31% would accept reduction in paid vacation, and 25% would accept reduction in salary.

The survey also found 89% of respondents consider the opportunity to work remotely as one of three main perks, the other two being salary and reputation.

When asked if consumer social communication tools help in remote collaboration, 91% said they would happily abandon social communication tools. The survey found that these people spend no more than one hour a day on Facebook, Twitter and Skype.

Perceived benefits, according to the survey, include: saving time, increased productivity, focus on work, not office policies. The challenges include: lack of direct communication, hindered data accessibility, and poor visibility into colleagues’ activity.

- 【3】46. What is the purpose of the article?
① To discuss how to improve employee productivity.
② To encourage remote collaboration.
③ To report on the trend of working from home.
④ To point out the problems with telecommuting.
- 【1】47. According to the survey, which group of people spend the most time working outside the office?
① Business owners. ② Executives. ③ Managers. ④ Team members.
- 【2】48. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?
① Employees can choose to work remotely at their discretion.
② Employees may have to give up some benefits for working from home.
③ Employees need to work longer hours if they work remotely.
④ Employees get extra pay if they work from home.
- 【3】49. According to the survey, what is the respondents’ attitude toward social communication tools?
① They would be happy that they can use social communication tools to chat with their friends while working.
② They don’t think that social communication tools are going to affect their productivity.
③ They would be happy to abandon social communication tools if they are allowed to work remotely.
④ They dislike social communication tools whether they work at home or in the office.
- 【2】50. Which of the following is true according to the passage?
① Most employees do not like to work remotely.
② Working from home does have both benefits and challenges.
③ Company owners often encourage employees to work from home.
④ Working from home has caused a lot of problems.