	兆豐國際商業銀	限行 106 年新進行	員甄選試題
甄試類別【代碼】	:高級辦事員(八職等	序)【K0303】	
科目一:英文			
		*請填寫	入場通知書編號:
			碼、甄試類別是否相符,如有不同應立
, , , ,		案卡(卷)作答者,該自 - 胃點點理 50	
20 分】,總	• = •	一	題配分2分】及【英文翻譯2題,每是
,, _	1	答,請選出最適當答案,	答錯不倒扣;未作答者,不予計分。
		筆於答案卷上採 <u>横式</u> 作答	,並請依標題指示之題號於各題指定作
答區內作答		λ 惧涌知 者 跳礁式的父母	紧無關之任何文字或符號。
			长 黑阑之在门义于蚁 行號。 工程函數功能、儲存程式功能),但不得
			於桌面或使用,經勸阻無效,仍執意便
·		B並由監試人員保管至該	節測驗結束後歸還。
⑦答案卡(卷)務必繳回,未繳回者	該節以零分計算。	
壹、英文【四選一	-單選選擇題 30 題,	占 60 分】	
一、字疊『善佐昭勾二	子前後文意,選出最適當	⋼ め父安】	
一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一	1 朋友人心,还山取過日	1900年1	
[1] 1. Surveys	that supporters of th	ne treaty are still in the ma	jority.
① indicate	② select	③ supply	④ reply
[3] 2. Tax reform is	s the first, as the	s will fundamentally chan	age the mindset of everyone.
① celebrity	② commodity	3 priority	mobility
[2] 3. After he was	arrested, the serial robber	confessed to other crimes	s to the bank robbery.
① simultaneous	② subsequent	③ sneaky	④ strategic
【1】4. Ask your	to inform your tax	office as soon as possible	that he or she is dealing with your case.
① accountant	② translator	3 composer	physician
[1] 5. The eyes need	d several minutes to	to the dimness in the	e dark room.
① adjust	② predict	③ dispute	• confess
[3] 6. The	on a compass always po	oints to magnetic north.	
① uniform	② safety	③ needle	④ freezer
[4] 7.Under the pro-	tection of the laws, a man	is accounted u	intil he is proven guilty.
① desperate	② pessimistic	③ cooperative	④ innocent
[3] 8. It still	him when he thinks a	bout the terrible car accide	ent.
① resists	② enables	3 upsets	
[3] 9. The account of	of one eyewitness		making it difficult to find out the truth.
① hired	② satisfied	③ conflicted	① invented
二、文法測驗【請在	下列各題中選出最適當的	为答案 】	
[4] 10. John insisted	on the work do	one by tomorrow.	

3 me get

my getting

① I get

② I getting

[3] 11 his research paper, he went out for a stroll on the beach.					
① Finished	② Had finished	3 Having finished	Being finished		
[3] 12. As clothes are to men, is the cover to the book.					
① that	② while	3 so	④ as		
[4] 13. A: does to	the average person walk e	each day? B: About 7,5	00 steps per day.		
① How often	② How soon	3 How old	4 How far		
[4] 14. Little to see or hear anything further of Mr. White.					
① expect did I	② expected I	③ I expected	④ did I expect		
[2] 15. Susan broke the long jump record of our school,?					
① did she	② didn't she	3 was she	④ wasn't she		
[2] 16. Collecting the pain	tings of the impressionist	s that rich mar	a great fortune.		
① is cost	② costs	3 to cost			
[2] 17. On their way to the park, they had to stop at a small grocery store to buy some beverages					
① drunk	② to drink	③ drinking	④ of drinking		
[1] 18. John as well as his family fond of singing old English songs.					
① is	② are	3 has	have		
[3] 19. The stair steps of the	ne main entrance to the bu	nilding are man	ble stones.		
① made from	② made for	3 made of	④ made at		
[2] 20. This parliament member suggested that our government at once for energy saving.					
① takes action	② take action	3 took action	① is taken action		
三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】 While the habits of coffee consumers provide plenty of anecdotal evidence suggesting the metabolization of caffeine is a matter of the individual, researchers have dug deeper to single out an individual gene that appears to affect consumption volume en masse. Tracking the habits of two coffee-drinking study groups—including more than 1,200 people from two regions of Italy, and more than 1,700 people from the Netherlands—researchers believe people 21 a variation in a gene called PDSS2 tend to drink fewer cups of coffee. The reason is the genetic variation reduces the ability of the cells to break down caffeine, causing it to remain					
in Scientific Reports. According to the student of	ndy, in which respondents pproximately one less of global consumption. tudy add to 24 researce study authors, Dr. Nico to confirm the discover	s were asked to report of up of coffee consumed ch suggesting that our drivela la Pirastu of the University y and also to clarify the	on their daily consumption habits, the per day, a remarkably high volume we to drink coffee may be embedded in ty of Edinburgh's Usher Institute. "We biological 25 between PDSS2 and nee.		
[3] 21. ① from	② by	③ with	④ off		
[4] 22. ① when	② where	3 which	4 while		
[1] 23. ① accounts for	② accounts in	3 accounts of	(4) accounts with		
[2] 24. ① exist	② existing	3 have existed	① be existing		
[3] 25. ① drink	② genes	③ link	4 study		

【請接續背面】

四、閱讀測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】

Two metallurgists at Stanford University, seeking to produce a "superplastic" metal, appear to have stumbled on the secret of Damascus steel, the legendary material used by numerous warriors of the past, including the Crusaders. Its formula had been lost for generations. Analyses of steel by Jeffrey Wadsworth and Oleg D. Sherby, in their search for a highly plastic form, revealed properties almost identical to those they then found in Damascus steel, though their own plastic steel had been produced through contemporary methods.

The remarkable characteristics of Damascus steel became known to Europe when the Crusaders reached the Middle East, beginning in the 11th century. They discovered that swords of this metal could split a feather in midair, yet retain their edge through many a battle with the Saracens. Through the ages, perhaps from the time of Alexander the Great in the fourth century B.C., the armorers who made swords, shields and armor from such steel were rigidly secretive regarding their method. With the advent of firearms, the secret was lost and never fully rediscovered.

Dr. Wadsworth and Dr. Sherby realized that they might be on the track of the method when a sword fancier, at one of their presentations, pointed out that Damascus steel, like their own product, was very rich in carbon. This led them to conduct comparative analyses of their steels and those of the ancient weapons. When moderately heated, superplastic steel can be shaped into such complex forms as gears for an automobile, with minimal need for machining, leading to major economies in manufacture. Their research has shown how to make steel even more **amenable** to shaping than the Damascus variety.

A basic requirement, as suspected by a number of early metallurgists, is a very high carbon content. Dr. Wadsworth and Dr. Sherby believe it has to be from 1 to 2 percent, compared to only a fraction of 1 percent in ordinary steel. Another key element in Damascus blade production seems to have been forging and hammering at relatively low temperature, about 1,700 degrees Fahrenheit. After shaping, the blades were apparently reheated to about the same temperature, then rapidly cooled, as by quenching in a fluid.

- [1] 26. What is the passage mainly about?
- ① Offering an answer to the making of Damascus steel.
- ② Introducing varieties of Damascus steel in different ages.
- 3 Arguing for a better method to produce modern weapons.
- 4 Comparing the differences between two metallurgic methods.
- [2] 27. Which of the following statements regarding Damascus steel is true?
- ① The method of producing Damascus steel will never be found.
- ② Damascus steel contains larger amount of carbon than ordinary steel.
- 3 Keys made from Damascus steel need to be reheated at higher temperature.
- 4 Damascus steel has been used in manufacturing automobile parts for decades.
- [3] 28. Why are the Crusaders mentioned in the second paragraph?
- ① Because they secured their borders after fighting with the Saracens.
- ② Because they learned a skill to cut a feather into two halves in midair from the Europeans.
- 3 Because they introduced Damascus steel in the Middle East to the European world.
- 4 Because they found a method to produce Damascus steel when battling in the Middle East.
- [3] 29. What does the word **amenable** in the third paragraph refer to?
- ① Economical.
- ② Fractional.
- 3 Flexible.
- Delicate.
- [2] 30. According to the passage, who are Wadsworth and Sherby?
- ① They are metallurgical historians revealing the background of producing Damascus swords.
- ② They are metallurgists at Stanford University attempting to produce durable or plastic steel.
- 3 They are warriors in modern America, who still used Damascus swords in daily-life business.
- 4 They are crusaders of metallurgy trying to discover ways of making better weapons.

貳、英文【英文翻譯 2 題,占 40 分】

第一題:中翻英【配分20分】

科學家們指出,11 月中旬,北極(the Arctic)部分地區的氣溫比之前觀測的平均溫度高出華氏 35 度以上,而在極點(pole),當月的平均氣溫比正常高出 23 度。研究發現北極的異常高溫與人為導致氣候變化有關。通過比較目前以及大範圍碳排放之前的氣候模型,他們發現,今年秋天這樣的極端溫度出現的可能性已經從約每 1,000 年一次提高到約每 50 年一次。

第二題:英翻中【配分20分】

Climate change could spark the world's next financial crisis. It is potentially a systemic

risk. A sudden repricing of assets as a result of climate change could be the trigger for the next financial crisis. Risks associated with climate change come both from the effect on valuations of the transition toward a lower carbon economy, as well as from the cost of adapting if global warming isn't checked. Climate change is a genuine investment risk.