

臺北捷運公司 111 年 4 月 17 日新進技術員(電機類、電子類、  
機械類、常年大夜班、水電類、土木類)、司機員(原住民類)  
甄試試題-語文科目(國文、英文)

請務必填寫姓名：\_\_\_\_\_。

應考編號：\_\_\_\_\_。

Ans. 選擇題：每題 2 分，共 50 題，計 100 分

1. [ ] 【2】 下列何者色彩最豔麗豐富？  
(1)空剩一山明月(2)金沙灘漱雪濤明 (3)輕羅短袖覺微寒(4)好風時送鳥聲喧。
2. [ ] 【2】 李白〈月下獨酌〉：「對影成三人」是指：  
(1)風-月亮-好友(2)月亮-影子-自己 (3)酒-月亮-自己(4)酒-影子-月亮。
3. [ ] 【4】 下列何者以秋天為背景？  
(1)東風忽起垂楊舞 (2)江南蓮花開(3)桃花落，閒池閣(4)雁字回時，月滿西樓。
4. [ ] 【3】 下列哪一句形容地震發生時的驚恐？  
(1)與天地合其德 (2)問君何必武陵回 (3)剎時身體若篩籠 (4)依山之族，惟知逐鹿。
5. [ ] 【2】 請閱讀下文，推斷□□內最適合填入的詞語依序是：  
  
「得參的母親，在他二十一歲那年，得了一個男孫子，以後臉上已見時現著笑容，可是亦已衰老了。她心裡的□□，使她責任心亦漸放下，因為做母親的□□，經已克盡了。」(賴和〈一杆稱仔〉)  
(1)慈愛/勞苦(2)欣慰/義務 (3)甜蜜/理想(4)疑問/計畫。
6. [ ] 【4】 下列名句出處，何者錯誤？  
(1)但願人長久，千里共嬋娟/水調歌頭 (2)輕輕的我走了，正如我輕輕的來/再別康橋(3)婆娑之洋，美麗之島/臺灣通史序(4)千呼萬喚始出來，猶抱琵琶半遮面/長恨歌。
7. [ ] 【1】 下列何者對仗不工整？  
(1)試看天塹投鞭渡，不信中原不姓朱(2)宰相有權能割地，孤臣無力可回天(3)福如東海，壽比南山 (4)人間清暑殿，天上廣寒宮。

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8. [ ] 【3】子曰：「禮失而求諸野」，意在強調哪一種功夫的重要性？  
(1)文獻保存 (2)禮儀訓練 (3)民間查訪(4)鍥而不捨。
9. [ ] 【4】「信言不美」(《道德經》)的意義和以下何者近似？  
(1)我為人人，人人為我(2)道可道，非常道(3)弱之勝強，柔之勝剛  
(4)忠言逆耳，良藥苦口。
10. [ ] 【4】李後主名句：「問君能有幾多愁？恰是一江春水向東流」和下列哪一句意義相近？  
(1)楊柳青青江水平 (2)擊空明兮溯流光(3)江水流春去欲盡 (4)水流無限似儂愁。
11. [ ] 【2】請閱讀下文，並作答以下 3 題：
- 「水沙連嶼在深潭之中，小山如贅疣，浮游水面。其水四周大山，山外溪流包絡，自山口入，匯為潭。潭廣八、九里，環可二、三十里。中間突起一嶼，山青水綠，四顧蒼茫，竹樹參差，雲飛鳥語；古稱蓬瀛，不是過也。」(藍鼎元〈紀水沙連〉) 水沙連即今日月潭區域，文中所稱的「水沙連嶼」就是現今的：  
(1)蘭嶼(2)拉魯島(3)綠島(4)龜山島。
12. [ ] 【3】承上題，「在深潭之中，小山如贅疣，浮游水面」與下列何句形容相近？  
(1)籠煙山黛描(2)白日依山盡(3)山中有水水中山(4)疊翠排空。
13. [ ] 【4】承上題，作者將臺灣日月潭比擬為：  
(1)歷史古蹟(2)苦窮荒郊(3)彈丸之地 (4)海外仙境。
14. [ ] 【2】下列成語的意義，何者有誤？  
(1)一傳眾咻---寡不勝眾 (2)齊人之福---天倫之樂 (3)一日不見如隔三秋---非常想念 (4)精衛填海---堅忍不拔。
15. [ ] 【3】請閱讀下文，並依序選出□□內最適合填入的詞語：

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「太守與客來飲於此，飲少輒□，而年又最□，故自號曰醉翁也。  
醉翁之意不在酒，在乎□□□□也。」(歐陽修〈醉翁亭記〉)

(1)快-紹-太守之樂 (2)倒-老-遊山之樂 (3)醉-高-山水之間  
(4)爽-壽-賓客之間。

16. [ ] 【3】 下列事項賀詞何者恰當？  
(1)生日祝壽-功在桑梓(2)喬遷新居-宜室宜家(3)考試上榜-獨占鰲頭(4)餐廳開業-作育英才。
17. [ ] 【2】 魯智深「行了半月之上，於路不投寺院去歇，祇是落客店內打火安身，白日間酒肆裡買吃。」(〈魯智深大鬧桃花村〉) 是說魯智深：  
(1)旅程中協助撲滅火災，住在酒店裡 (2)旅途中未投宿寺廟，晚上住在客棧，白天在酒店吃食 (3)半個月來為了打火，喝酒壯膽 (4)不想住在廟裡，藉故到客店幫忙打火，就可放肆喝酒。
18. [ ] 【1】 下列各詞讀音，何者為疊韻？  
(1)窈窕(2)參差(3)芙蓉(4)彷彿。
19. [ ] 【2】 下列何者詞意異於其他三者？  
(1)片刻(2)必要(3)短暫(4)須臾。
20. [ ] 【3】 下列何者用以形容臉紅的樣子？  
(1)岌岌然 (2)潺潺然 (3)赧赧然 (4)數數然。
21. [ ] 【3】 下列何者比喻世事變化很大？  
(1)海市蜃樓 (2)咫尺天涯 (3)滄海桑田 (4)凌霄之志。
22. [ ] 【4】 下列何句採用比喻法？  
(1)問君何能爾(2)即解貂覆生(3)沸珠噴濺 (4)有大如掌者。
23. [ ] 【1】 「潭中魚可百許頭，魚皆若空游無所依」(柳宗元〈小石潭記〉)，  
這一句是在形容：  
(1)水流清澈(2)魚兒躲藏(3)天色反光(4)水中無魚。

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24. [ ] 【4】 「這是我首次擔任鏢魚船主鏢手的一個航次，而大海竟然□□□□  
的消滅了我那初露的豪情。」(廖鴻基〈丁挽〉) 缺空的成語是：  
(1) 洶湧澎湃(2) 亦步亦趨(3) 意氣風發(4) 毫不留情。
25. [ ] 【2】 下列詩句的涵義，何者有誤？  
(1) 飄飄何所似，天地一沙鷗/漂泊無依 (2) 相迎不道遠，直至長  
風沙/路遙遇險 (3) 何當共剪西窗燭，卻話巴山夜雨時/思念故人  
(4) 日暮鄉關何處是，煙波江上使人愁/遊子思鄉。
26. [ ] 【2】 Most people have their food preferences. Some like spicy  
food and \_\_\_\_\_ prefer sweet food.  
(1) another (2) others (3) the other (4) some other
27. [ ] 【3】 Although many people are aware \_\_\_\_\_ the importance of  
regular exercise and healthy diet, some still try to lose  
weight by skipping meals.  
(1) at (2) off (3) of (4) on
28. [ ] 【1】 The sales company has \_\_\_\_\_ a reputation for exceptional  
quality and value for money.  
(1) established (2) establish (3) establishing  
(4) been established
29. [ ] 【3】 The economic crisis was \_\_\_\_\_ an outbreak of the disease.  
(1) because (2) for (3) due to (4) besides
30. [ ] 【4】 Finding a parking place in a big city is \_\_\_\_\_ a problem.  
(1) never (2) ever (3) seldom (4) always
31. [ ] 【2】 Playing sports at least three times a week \_\_\_\_\_ good for  
your health.  
(1) are (2) is (3) do (4) does
32. [ ] 【1】 The drugs are effective in treating headaches. \_\_\_\_\_, there  
are side effects.  
(1) However (2) Therefore (3) Moreover (4) Hence

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33. [ ] 【2】 The company's \_\_\_\_\_ was hurt because of the scandal.  
(1) imagine      (2) image      (3) imagination      (4)  
imaginative
34. [ ] 【3】 We should wear sunglasses to \_\_\_\_\_ eyes when the sunshine  
is too bright.  
(1) protest      (2) pretend      (3) protect      (4)  
predict
35. [ ] 【1】 Many tourist attractions in Taipei are easily \_\_\_\_\_ by  
public transportation.  
(1) accessible      (2) sensible      (3) flexible      (4)  
responsible
36. [ ] 【4】 An eating \_\_\_\_\_ is a serious condition and needs medical  
treatment.  
(1) distance      (2) discussion      (3) discovery      (4)  
disorder
37. [ ] 【4】 The government is developing innovative \_\_\_\_\_ to help  
farmers decrease losses from extreme weather.  
(1) conditions      (2) reactions      (3) positions      (4)  
strategies
38. [ ] 【1】 One of the main reasons why people move to smaller cities  
is more \_\_\_\_\_ housing.  
(1) affordable      (2) reliable      (3) capable      (4)  
believable
39. [ ] 【3】 We will gladly give you a refund within thirty days with  
your original \_\_\_\_\_.  
(1) receptor      (2) reception      (3) receipt      (4)  
receiver

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40. [ ] 【2】 These problems were definitely \_\_\_\_\_ ones I have ever solved.  
(1) the difficult (2) the most difficult  
(3) the more difficult (4) the much difficult
41. [ ] 【4】 The restaurant \_\_\_\_\_ we had dinner last night had very good service.  
(1) that (2) when (3) how (4) where
42. [ ] 【1】 Some researches indicate that meat \_\_\_\_\_ can cause damage to the environment.  
(1) consumption (2) to consume (3) consume (4) consumed
43. [ ] 【1】 A: Could you give me a lift to the train station?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_.  
(1) Sure, what time do you want to leave?  
(2) The train leaves in 10 minutes.  
(3) I live near the train station.  
(4) No, I didn' t give you a gift.
44. [ ] 【3】 A: Have you tried out the new restaurant yet?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_.  
(1) I want to take part in a tryout.  
(2) I don' t like the restroom.  
(3) No, I' m going there tomorrow.  
(4) I am very hungry.
45. [ ] 【2】 A: Excuse me, where is the closest bank?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_.  
(1) The bank closes at five.  
(2) Just across the street.  
(3) We need to withdraw some money.  
(4) You are close to the river.

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46. [   ] 【1】 A: Would you like to see a movie after work?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_.  
(1) Yes, how about that new romantic comedy?  
(2) I am busy at work.  
(3) Yes, the movie is interesting.  
(4) No, I' ve already seen that movie.
47. [   ] 【3】 A: Can you pick up something to drink on the way back?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_.  
(1) Yes, I can pick you up when I am back.  
(2) No, I can' t drink on the way back.  
(3) Sure, what do you like?  
(4) Yes, I can drink something when you are back.

閱讀測驗

Over the past years, people around the world are concerned about the issue of global warming. This phenomenon results in rising sea levels and worldwide climate changes. As the sea level goes up, the land becomes even scarcer. The unusual weather pattern leads to the increasing frequencies of disasters such as hurricanes and typhoons. Undoubtedly, global warming is mainly caused by greenhouse gases. Emission from vehicles is usually associated with greenhouse gases. However, scientists have also discovered that meat industry can be one of the major reasons causing global warming. During the process of digestion, livestock can release more than one kind of greenhouse gases that gradually destroy our environment. Of all of gases, some of them are a lot worse than CO<sub>2</sub> (Carbon Dioxide). Therefore, one of the most efficient ways to help stop global warming is to go vegetarian; that is, having vegetables as your diet. It is not hard at all to start a vegetarian diet. You can be a healthy vegetarian by consulting a nutritionist or reading books on vegetarian

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recipe. If you are determined to make an effort to go vegetarian, you will not only benefit from what you eat but also contribute to the environmental protection.

48. [ ] **【4】** Which of the following is the major cause of global warming?  
(1) Recycling newspapers                      (2) Walking to work  
(3) Eating plenty of fruits                      (4) Emission from vehicles
49. [ ] **【2】** Why is raising animals likely to cause greenhouse gases?  
(1) Animals turn carbon dioxide into more harmful gases.  
(2) Animals release some gases during the process of digestion.  
(3) Plants in greenhouses are usually used as farm animal feeds.  
(4) More animals are raised in greenhouses instead of on the farm.
50. [ ] **【1】** What does “go vegetarian” mean?  
(1) To go on a vegetarian diet                      (2) To plant more plants on Earth  
(3) To color your houses green                      (4) To grow green vegetables